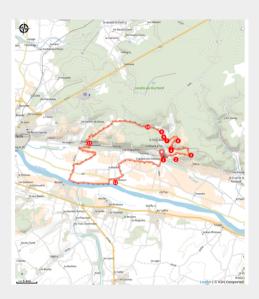


# La Vallée de la Vienne - Parcours complet

Balades et randos région de Chinon - Cravant-les-Côteaux





(Pixabay)

The footpaths in Cravant-les-Coteaux will help you discover the variety of landscapes in this commune: a wide panorama over the Vienne valley, a vast and game-filled forest and sunny hillsides.

But these landscapes are also interesting for what they tell us about the history of man associated with the monuments of our heritage.

### **Useful information**

Practice : Hiking

Duration : 4 h

Length : 20.4 km

Trek ascent : 201 m

Difficulty : Easy

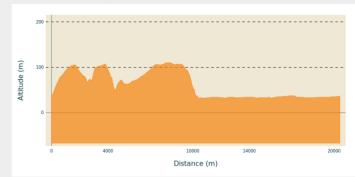
Type : Loop

Themes : Forest, Heritage and history

# Trek

**Departure** : Pierre Alliet square **Arrival** : Pierre Alliet square **Cities** : 1. Cravant-les-Côteaux 2. Saint-Benoît-la-Forêt 3. Chinon

#### **Altimetric profile**



Min elevation 32 m Max elevation 110 m

- 1. The village with the church of Saint-Léger (1865), the presbytery and the washhouse (1870).
- 2. Panorama, orientation table. Beautiful views over the Vienne valley and vineyards.
- 3. The footpath joins the GR 48, which is also thought to be the route taken by Joan of Arc on her way from Sainte-Catherine de Fierbois to Chinon.
- 4. Troglodytic houses: these remaining cellars are once again in demand as homes.
- 5. Water tower.
- 6. View of the old château: 14th-century fortress, altered at various times (private site).
- 7. Le Vieux Bourg :
  - Covered wash-house
  - The cemetery with its beautiful avenue of centuries-old yew trees

- The old church (9th and 12th centuries), listed as a historic monument. This harmonious edifice, built over the Saint-Léger fountain, is typical of early Romanesque architecture in Touraine. Its nave is one of the few well-preserved examples of Carolingian religious architecture.

It also features two Merovingian pillars and a fresco depicting allegiance to Notre-Dame. Visit with charge.

- 8. View of the Tesserie manor house, 15th century (private).
- 9. View of the Pigeonnerie farm.
- 10. Enter the forest, a haven for birds, small and large mammals. You can admire beautiful old oak trees and forest orchids...
- 11. View over the Vienne valley and part of the vineyards.

12. Briançon dolmen: also known as the 'Gros chilloux', a 15m-long monument of Turonian sandstone, part of which is built into the houses.

## On your path...



## All useful information



## **Environmental sensitive areas**

Along your trek, you will go through sensitive areas related to the presence of a specific species or environment. In these areas, an appropriate behaviour allows to contribute to their preservation. For detailed information, specific forms are accessible for each area.

#### Site Natura 2000 des basses vallées de la Vienne et de l'Indre

Sensitivity period: January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, Decembre

The site was designated in 2005 under the Birds Directive. The Park has been coordinating the site since 2010 (initially for the period 2010-2016, then renewed for 2016-2019 and 2019-2022), in conjunction with the CPIE Touraine-Val de Loire and the Indre-et-Loire Chamber of Agriculture.

The low valleys are largely covered by natural flood meadows, which are mown and/ or grazed. These meadows form large complexes that are home to rare and endangered birds: corncrake, red-backed shrike, meadowlark, spotted crake, etc.

Certain sectors are characterized by a dense bocage network, with pollarded trees surrounding the meadows (Véron bocage): this is the home of the Common Fritillary, Natterjack Toad, Great Capricorn...

Finally, the banks of the Vienne and Indre rivers are occupied by alluvial woodlands and poplar plantations.